



**Australian Government**  
**Repatriation Medical Authority**

**EXPLANATORY STATEMENT**

**AMENDMENT STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES CONCERNING  
SUICIDE AND ATTEMPTED SUICIDE  
(BALANCE OF PROBABILITIES) (NO. 34 OF 2018)**

***VETERANS' ENTITLEMENTS ACT 1986***  
***MILITARY REHABILITATION AND COMPENSATION ACT 2004***

1. This is the Explanatory Statement to the *Amendment Statement of Principles concerning suicide and attempted suicide (Balance of Probabilities)* (No. 34 of 2018).

**Background**

2. The Repatriation Medical Authority (the Authority) has determined, under subsections 196B(3) and (8) of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the VEA) Amendment Statement of Principles concerning **suicide and attempted suicide** (Balance of Probabilities) (No. 34 of 2018).
3. This Instrument amends Statement of Principles concerning **suicide and attempted suicide** (Balance of Probabilities) (No. 66 of 2016), as amended, by:
  - o replacing the existing factor in subsection 9(8) concerning 'a category 2 stressor';
  - o incorporating an additional note (Note 1) with the factor in subsection 9(8) concerning 'a category 2 stressor';
  - o deleting the existing factor in subsection 9(8a) concerning 'a problem with a long-term relationship', as it is subsumed by the factor in subsection 9(8); and
  - o replacing the existing definition of 'category 2 stressor' in Schedule 1 – Dictionary.
4. In relation to the additional note (Note 1) with the factor in subsection 9(8), the sound medical-scientific evidence available to the Authority established a clear link to the relevant standards between separation as a "circumstance of service" and the onset of these relevant psychosocial stressors as factors associated with suicide and attempted suicide. The Authority is therefore required to give these links some form of explicit recognition in the Statements of Principles concerning suicide and attempted suicide.
5. The additional note also serves the purpose of bringing to the attention of ex-serving Defence Force members and decision-makers that psychosocial stressors may manifest years after separation from service and that these stressors may be related to the circumstance of separation.
6. The proposed factor and its associated Note 1 provide for a factor that meets the causal requirements of subsection 196B(14)(b) of the VEA, that is, the factor "arose out of, or was attributable to" the veteran's service, and there is a causal connection based on the sound medical-scientific evidence available to the Authority.

### **Day of Commencement**

7. This Instrument also specifies a day of commencement for the amendment in accordance with subsection 12(3) of the *Legislation Act 2003*.

### **Consultation**

8. Prior to determining this Instrument, the Authority advertised its intention to undertake an investigation in relation to suicide and attempted suicide in the Government Notices Gazette of 29 August 2017, and circulated a copy of the notice of intention to investigate to a wide range of organisations representing veterans, service personnel and their dependants. The Authority invited submissions from the Repatriation Commission, organisations and persons referred to in section 196E of the VEA, and any person having expertise in the field. No submissions were received for consideration by the Authority during the investigation.

### **Human Rights**

9. This instrument is compatible with the Human Rights and Freedoms recognised or declared in the International Instruments listed in Section 3 of the *Human Rights (Parliamentary Scrutiny) Act 2011*. A Statement of Compatibility with Human Rights follows.

### **Finalisation of Investigation**

10. The determining of this Instrument finalises the investigation in relation to suicide and attempted suicide as advertised in the Government Notices Gazette of 29 August 2017.

### **References**

11. A list of references relating to the above condition is available to any person or organisation referred to in subsection 196E(1)(a) to (c) of the VEA. Any such request must be made in writing to the Repatriation Medical Authority at the following address:

The Registrar  
Repatriation Medical Authority  
GPO Box 1014  
BRISBANE QLD 4001



**Australian Government**  
**Repatriation Medical Authority**

## **Statement of Compatibility with Human Rights**

*(Prepared in accordance with Part 3 of the Human Rights (Parliamentary Scrutiny) Act 2011)*

**Instrument No.:** **Amendment Statement of Principles No. 34 of 2018**

**Kind of Injury, Disease or Death:** **Suicide and attempted suicide**

This Legislative Instrument is compatible with the human rights and freedoms recognised or declared in the international instruments listed in section 3 of the *Human Rights (Parliamentary Scrutiny) Act 2011*.

### **Overview of the Legislative Instrument**

1. This Legislative Instrument is determined pursuant to subsection 196B(8) of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the VEA) for the purposes of the VEA and the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004* (the MRCA). Part XIA of the VEA requires the determination of these instruments outlining the factors linking particular kinds of injury, disease or death with service such being determined solely on the available sound medical-scientific evidence.
2. This Legislative Instrument:-
  - facilitates claimants in making, and the Repatriation Commission in assessing, claims under the VEA and the MRCA respectively, by specifying the circumstances in which medical treatment and compensation can be extended to eligible persons who have attempted suicide;
  - facilitates the review of such decisions by the Veterans' Review Board and the Administrative Appeals Tribunal;
  - includes a revised factor with an additional note and a revised definition which the current sound medical-scientific evidence indicates must exist before it can be said that, on the balance of probabilities, suicide or attempted suicide is connected with the circumstances of eligible service rendered by a person;
  - amends Instrument No. 66 of 2016, as amended; and
  - reflects developments in the available sound medical-scientific evidence concerning suicide and attempted suicide which have occurred since that earlier instrument was determined.
3. The Instrument is assessed as being a technical instrument which improves the medico-scientific quality of outcomes under the VEA and the MRCA.

## Human Rights Implications

4. This Legislative Instrument does not derogate from any human rights. It promotes the human rights of veterans, current and former Defence Force members as well as other persons such as their dependents, including:
- the right to social security (Art 9, *International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights*; Art 26, *Convention on the Rights of the Child* and Art 28, *Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities*) by helping to ensure that the qualifying conditions for the benefit are 'reasonable, proportionate and transparent'<sup>1</sup>;
  - the right to an adequate standard of living (Art 11, ICSECR; Art 27, CRC and Art 28, CRPD) by facilitating the assessment and determination of social security benefits;
  - the right to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health (Art 12, ICSECR and Art 25, CRPD), by facilitating the assessment and determination of compensation and benefits in relation to the treatment and rehabilitation of veterans and Defence Force members;
  - the rights of persons with disabilities by facilitating the determination of claims relating to treatment and rehabilitation (Art 26, CRPD); and
  - ensuring that those rights "will be exercised without discrimination of any kind as to race, colour, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, property, birth or other status" (Art 2, ICESCR).

## Conclusion

This Legislative Instrument is compatible with human rights as it does not derogate from and promotes a number of human rights.

Repatriation Medical Authority

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<sup>1</sup> In General Comment No. 19 (The right to social security), the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights said (at paragraph 24) this to be one of the elements of ensuring accessibility to social security.